

# Intercontinental Terminals Company (ITC) Fire Update Deer Park, Texas April 15, 2019 0000 – April 15, 2019 1159

### **Incident Management Objectives:**

**Objective 1**: Ensure the health and safety of the public and response personnel.

**Objective 2**: Establish an incident management structure and processes employing the Incident Command System to enable effective overall management of the event with deployment of resources (staff and equipment) in a rapid, focused and well-coordinated manner.

**Objective 3**: Encourage a collaborative federalism approach, where Federal, State, Tribal, and local governments interact cooperatively and collectively to solve common problems.

**Objective 4:** Take actions to assess the on-site and off-site impacts during the emergency response phase of this incident. Provide this information to state and local authorities to assist them in their decision to protect the local citizens.

**Objective 5:** Conduct activities to prevent off-site releases from the ITC Tank Farm.

**Objective 6:** Respond to, mitigate and recovery off-site releases from the ITC Tank Farm.

**Objective 7**: Maintain open communication with Regional management

#### **Incident Overview:**

On March 17, 2019, an above ground storage tank containing Naphtha, caught fire at the Intercontinental Terminal Company (ITC), LLC facility in Deer Park Texas. The ITC facility consists of 15 80,000-barrel capacity above ground storage tanks containing petroleum products including Naphtha, Xylene, Toluene, Gasoline Blendstock, and Base Oil. Eleven of the 15 80,000-barrel capacity above ground storage tanks on site were involved in the fire, resulting in the release of contaminants into the atmosphere, as well discharging the contents of the tanks to drainage pathways. Firefighting water and foam potentially containing petroleum products were released from an outfall due to accumulation of water from firefighting efforts. Various firefighting organizations assisted in putting out the fire utilizing a variety of firefighting foams.

A partial breach of the tank farm containment wall on the northeast side near Tank 80-7 occurred at approximately 12:00 pm on March 22, 2019, to the ditched area and into Tucker Bayou. Additional boom was placed along the ditch leading to Tucker Bayou and Buffalo Bayou (Houston Ship Channel). The Responsible Party's contractor has rebuilt the containment wall using clay material.

At approximately 3:40 pm on March 22, 2019, three tanks reignited. The fire spread from the containment area through the breached containment wall into the ditch along Tidal Road. Foam was applied to the tanks and the ditch to extinguish the fire.

As a result of the fire, nine of the fifteen oil tanks had been burned and collapsed. One of the tanks had been burned and damaged, but not completely collapsed. Two tanks had become overheated and smoked but were not significantly damaged. Four of the tanks had smoked but did not burn.

During and after the fire and the breach of the secondary containment, several readings of benzene above 1.0 parts per million (ppm) were detected (highest was 16.5 near National Tank Services) by the various entities conducting air monitoring through the afternoon and night. These readings were located along the ship channel.

A vessel decontamination plan was approved on March 27, 2019. The plan established procedures for decontamination of large and small vessels. Also, the plan describes how the decontamination team will utilize resources that include barge boats equipped with a hot water pressure washer, support boats for assessment team members, containment boom and absorbent sweep, rags, absorbent pads, cleaning agents, personal protective equipment (PPE), boat operators, and technicians.

On March 31, 2019, EPA and the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) posted the Story Map Resource Interactive tool for the ITC incident. The Story Map provides easy access for ITC fire data.

#### **Executive Overview:**

#### **Land Operations:**

• On April 15, 2019, ITC conducted operations at the tank farm:

Tank Status	Tank No.	
Complete – No further action needed	80-1, 80-2, 80-3, 80-4, 80-	
Complete – No further action needed	6, 80-9, 80-12, 80-13	
Cleaning in Progress	80-5	
Cleaning and Degassing	80-14, 80-15	
Degassing in Progress	80-7, 80-10	
Removal in Progress	80-8, 80-11	

#### Water Operations:

- On April 15, 2019, ITC continued flushing of Tucker Bayou.
- On April 15, 2019, EPA collected a water sample from two manholes at the dock at San Jacinto Port for visual assessment to determine the presence of sheen or product underneath the docks. A weathered sheen was observed at one manhole and a oneinch layer of material at the other manhole.
- EPA conducted surface water sampling on April 15, 2019 at 11 sample locations. The surface water samples were collected along Buffalo Bayou and the San Jacinto River and will be analyzed for per- and polyfluoroakyl substances (PFAS), volatile organic compounds (VOCs), semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), chemical oxygen demand (COD), and oil & grease. The results from the sampling event were compared to the TCEQ Surface Water Quality Standards (WQS), or to TCEQ Texas Risk Reduction Program surface water protective concentration levels (PCLs), if a WQS was not available for a chemical. On March 21, 2019, the surface water sample collected at the confluence of Tucker Bayou and Buffalo Bayou (BB-02) exceeded the PCL for oil

and grease, and the WQS for naphthalene, benzene and total xylenes. On March 25, 2019, the surface water sample collected on Buffalo Bayou at the Battleship Texas (BB-05) exceeded the PCL for oil and grease. On March 30, 2019, the surface water sample collected at BB-02 exceeded the WQS for 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene. On April 2, 2019, the surface water sample collected at BB-05 exceeded the WQS for 2-methylnaphthalene and phenanthrene. No other exceedances have been observed.

- The USCG Captain of the Port continues the controlled open for the Ship Channel. During the daytime, both inbound and outbound traffic is allowed. Decontamination vessels are being positioned to help outbound ships that may have residue on the hulls. Only inbound traffic is allowed during nighttime.
- As of Sunday, April 15, 2019:
  - o 160,840 feet of boom deployed
  - 142,180 bbl of product/water recovered from water operations
  - o 228,105 bbl of product/water recovered from tank farm

Total Vessels as of April 13, 2019					
Work	Barges	Small Capacity	Skimmers	Total	
Boats		Skimming Vessels		Vessels	
95	101	23	70	289	

## **Community Air Monitoring:**

- Several entities including TCEQ, EPA, and ITC continue to conduct air monitoring around the tank farm, in adjoining industrial areas, and communities downwind from the facility.
- EPA conducted handheld air monitoring on April 15, 2019, from 00:00 to 23:59 at 79 locations in the surrounding communities. Results were reported above the detection limit at two locations for total VOCs. EPA will continue to conduct additional air monitoring and deploy the Trace Atmospheric Gas Analyzer (TAGA) if VOCs continue to be detected.
- The Airborne Spectral Photometric Environmental Collection Technology (ASPECT) aircraft found no exceedances of the Texas comparison values on April 15, 2019. ASPECT has conducted a screening level assessment to evaluate the unreported or undetected releases of hazardous materials or contaminants at the Intercontinental Terminal Company (ITC) in Deer Park, Texas. The screening level results from ASPECT were compared to the ASPECT list of Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) short-term Air Monitoring Comparison Values (AMCVs). No chemicals were detected by the ASPECT.
- EPA conducted air sampling using the Trace Atmospheric Gas Analyzer (TAGA) on April
  15, 2019. The TAGA analyzed the air samples for benzene, toluene and xylene. The
  TAGA air sampling results were compared to the TCEQ short-term AMCVs and found no
  exceedances of the short-term AMCVs for benzene, toluene and xylene. These results
  have been shared with unified command and local officials.

#### **Coordination with State Agencies:**

On March 17, 2019, in response to a tank fire at the ITC, federal, state and local agencies joined ITC in a Unified Command. Multiple agencies including the United States Coast Guard, the TCEQ, and Harris County Pollution Control Services supported the response effort.

# **EPA Resources:**

Personnel	EPA R6 Dallas	ITC Deer Park	Total
EPA Region 6	11	6	17
EPA Non-Region 6	0	2	2
START	1	16	17
Other Contractors	0	8	8
Total	12	32	44

#### Additional Information: Air Monitoring and Water Sampling locations.



